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Search and Rescue Management

Field Operating Guide April 2019 Version

A Field Operating Guide (FOG) to assist Incident Commanders, Search and Rescue Managers, and Operations Section Chiefs to document and manage responses to incidents involving, lost, overdue, and missing persons in the outdoors.

Search and Rescue Mission:	
Date: _	
Incident/ Occurrence Number:	
FOG Documented By:	

The saving of a human life shall take priority over all other Police, Park, Agency activity while maintaining the safety of all search and rescue personnel.





Search and Rescue (SAR) Management Field Operating Guide (FOG)

INTENT AND PURPOSE:

This FOG is designed to assist Incident Commanders, SAR Managers, Operations Section Chiefs, and SAR personnel in the response to and documentation of lost overdue missing person(s).

Using this tool provides the following field-accessible benefits:

- V Provides a reference for things to do and consider.
- V Documents information, timeframes, and decisions.
- Provides a written Incident Action Plan for the initial operational periods.
- √ Establishes organizational and documentation foundations for major incidents.

This guide's structure and contents assumes the user has knowledge equivalent to the Search and Rescue Management curricula and understands the organization, strategies, tactics, and acronyms common to SAR management and the Incident Command System.

This FOG is intended for one-time use: to be completed real-time during an incident and then become part of the documentation package and ultimately the incident report.

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Disclaimer:

This Field Operations Guide (FOG) is not the complete instructional manual for search and rescue skills or response. The materials are not meant to replace field training by competent search, rescue, and / or emergency response leaders or to replace actual experience. ERI International, Inc., SARI, the authors, and contributors to this manual do not endorse any specific equipment mentioned in this FOG and program. The authors, contributors, ERI International, Inc., and SARI take no responsibility for the use of this FOG or for any information contained therein. ERI International Inc. and SARI take no responsibility and cannot be held liable for statements made by instructors who utilize this FOG. The purchaser or recipient of this FOG agrees to protect, save, and hold forever harmless ERI International Inc., SARI, the authors, and contributors to this manual, against and from all loss, cost, damage, liability, or expense arising from, or out of the use of this FOG. ERI International Inc., SARI, the authors, and contributors of this FOG, may not be held liable in any way for any occurrence in connection with an individual's utilization of the materials and instructions set forth in this FOG which may result in injury, death, or other damages to the purchaser or receiver of this FOG, his family, heirs, or assigns. It is the duty of every community, organization, volunteer group, and agency, to obtain the knowledge and proficiency to perform and maintain effective, efficient search, rescue, emergency / disaster management, and operations. The information presented, and in this publication, serves as the beginning outline and body of knowledge for proper search and rescue skills and response programs at the community level.

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SIX STEP CHECKLIST RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

	SIX STEP CHECKLIST RECOMMENDED ACTIONS
	Step 1
	Maintain contact with complainant(s) directly or know where
	they are.
	Fill in the First Notice Sheet, SAR Form 1.
	Carry out an Urgency Analysis using SAR Form 5 and respond
_	accordingly.
	Identify the Incident Commander and notify all personnel.
	Define the Operational Period Schedule, record start/finish time
	on SAR Form 7.
	Identify the IPP, mark it on the map, and protect it.
	Interview people who might know the person(s) and what
	happened. Appoint an investigator.
	Fill in the Missing Person Profile, SAR Form 2.
	Fill in the Incident History, SAR Form 3.
	Identify the category of missing person(s); record on SAR Form 2. Read the Missing Person Behavioral Statistics for that category.
	Carry out a Topography Analysis. Mark on the map:
-	Any known hazardous locations.
	Likely travel aides in the Initial Search Area (ISA); note
	recent changes to roads/streets.
	Barriers to mark out the Initial Search Area.
	Any magnets in the Initial Search Area.
	☐ Check, modify ISA boundaries against the Missing Person
	distances traveled data.
	List the resources currently available and their status on SAR
	Form 4.
	Step 2
	Carry out a scenario analysis; record likely scenarios on SAR Form
	6:
	Identify the range of possibilities that might have caused
	the person(s) to become lost or overdue.
	Consider "worse case" scenarios. Identify highest risk scenarios.
	identity ingrest risk scenarios.
	 Consider the potential that this is a result of a criminal act; list suspicions.
	Identify safety concerns; conduct risk management. Determine
_	safety objective. See Page 43.

	Step 3				
a	Write down your mission goal on SAR Form 7.				
	Read the Missing Person Behavior Statistics for this category of				
	person. Record investigation/confinement/ searching objectives on SAR				
_	Form 7.				
	Break down each objective into tasks.				
a	Prioritize all your tasks and give each a task priority number on SAR Form 7.				
	Step 4				
<u> </u>	Establish what resources are needed to meet each task for the				
	1st operational period.				
	Record them on the Resources Sheet, SAR Form 4. Note their				
	ETA(s) if en-route.				
	Step 5				
	Designate the Command Post, mark the location on the incident				
	map, and notify all personnel.				
Loca	ite yourself there.				
	Make yourself clearly identifiable as the Incident Commander.				
	Designate needed Staging Areas and other facilities. Mark their				
	locations on the incident map.				
	Assign resources to Tasks, starting with the priority 1 task.				
	Record the tasked resources as "assigned" on the Resource Sheet				
	SAR Form 4.				
	Step 6				
	Brief and deploy available resources to priority Task in				
	accordance with your plan.				
	Assign arriving resources to tasks after check-in.				
	Continue with the investigation (on and off site).				
	Maintain resources status.				
	Prepare a written brief using SAR Form 8-A.				
	Debrief resources on return and keep a written record on SAR				
_	Form 8-B.				
	Start thinking about what you are going to do next. Read				
I	"continuing the search — 1" and "the second six step cycle".				

FIRST NOTICE RECORD SHEET

SAR Form #1 First Notice Record Sheet				
Person Receiving Report:	Date Received:	Time Received:		
Name and Contact Information of Complainant:		<i>a</i>		
Report Received by {9-1-1 agency, communication center [S	POT, INREACH, RCC] or	if other explain):		
Name of Missing Person and Date of Birth:				
Date and Time Last Seen:				
Circumstances of Loss:				
Point Last Seen (PLS) or Last Known Point (LKP):				
What Does Complainant Think Happened:				
What Does Complainant Want Done:				
Instructions to Complainant:				

Exhibit P-195 FIRST NOTICE RECORD SHEET

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MISSING PERSON PROFILE

Use the following form to build up a profile of the subject. You may not be able to fill in all the boxes from the information you have been given at First Notice. Each time you get another piece of information that helps to build up a profile of the subject remember to add it to this form.

Attach a picture of the subject if available.

Name / M or F / Age / Date of Birth / Address: Record the subject's full name and any other names they are known by or would answer to. Circle or write "M" for Male or "F" for Female. Enter the subject's age, date of birth and address.

Physical Description: The minimum information required is height, weight, build, facial appearance (complexion, facial hair, if wearing glasses, hair color, length and style), general appearance and any distinguishing marks or features.

Clothing Worn: Style, make and color of all clothing including footwear and sole pattern.

Additional Items Carried: Items of personal gear or anything relating to the activity that the subject was undertaking. Include sufficient detail to make an identification if anything is found. Was the subject carrying money – how much? – or credit cards?

Capability / Health: Record any known information, for example fit and healthy, any problems which could affect the distance the subject might travel, any medication taken regularly and if so have they got it with them, did they have full control of all their faculties, did they always behave rationally.

Habits / Hobbies / Interests / Likely Activities: Record any information available that might indicate what the subject might have been doing or where they might have gone.

0

C

Previous Relevant History: Have they been missing before? If so, when was it, where did they go missing from, where were they found and what were they doing.

Category of Missing Person: There are many categories of Missing Person. Determine the category that best fits the known information in this incident. Children and young persons are categorized by age, adults by mental state or activity. Categories include: (NOTE: more than one category may be relevant e.g. 30 years old but functions at 6 year old level)

- Child
- Dementia / Alzheimer's / Elderly Walk-aways
- Intellectually Disabled
- Drug AffectedDespondent
- Psychotic
- Run-Away
 Abduction-Parental
- Abduction-Criminal

- Hiker
- Hunter
- FishermanX-country
 - Skier
- Climber
- OHV User
- Mtn Biker

Consult the Lost Person Behavior (LPB) Addendum in the SAR Management text, your local LPB data, and any available LPB commercial apps.

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MISSING PERSON PROFILE

SAR Form #2 Missing Person Profile				
Name:	Gender:	Age:		
Name Person Answers To, If Different:	Date of Birth:			
Address:				
Physical Description (height, weight, marks, scars, tattoos, et	c.):			
Clothing Worn:				
Additional Items Carried:				
Capability / Health:				
Habits / Hobbies / Interests / Activity:				
Previous Relevant History:				
Category of Missing Person (from Lost Person Behavior)				

SAR Form #2 Missing Person Profile				
Name:	Gender:	Age:		
Name Person Answers To, If Different:		Date of Birth		
Address:				
Physical Description (height, weight, marks, scar	s, tattoos, etc.):			
Clothing Worn:				
Additional Items Carried:				
Capability / Health:				
Habits / Hobbies / Interests / Activity:				
Previous Relevant History:	<u> </u>			
Category of Missing Person (from Lost Person B				

SAR Form #2 Missing Person Profile				
Name:	Gender:	Age:		
Name Person Answers To, If Different:		Date of Birth:		
Address:				
Physical Description (height, weight, marks, scars, tattoos, e	tc):			
Clothing Worn:				
Additional Items Carried:				
Capability / Health:				
Habits / Hobbies / Interests / Activity:				
Previous Relevant History:				
Category of Missing Person (from Lost Person Behavior)				

SAR form #2 Missing Person Profile				
Name:	Gender:	Age:		
Name Person Answers To, If Different:		Date of Birth:		
Address:				
Physical Description (height, weight, marks, scars, tattoos, e	tc.):			
Clothing Worn:				
Additional Items Carried:				
Capability / Health:				
Habits / Hobbies / Interests / Activity:				
Previous Relevant History:				
Category of Missing Person (from Lost Person Behavior)				

INCIDENT HISTORY

SAR Form #3 Incident History						
Incident Name:	Operational Period #:					
	Start Date / Time:					
Incident Commander:	Ending Date / Time:					
OSC/SAR Manager:	*					
Initial Planning Point (IPP):						
New IPP:	Reason:					
Initial Story / Circumstances:						
Confirmed By:						
Assigned Functions: Family Liaison:						
PIO:						
Planning:	<u> </u>					
Investigation						
Situation Status:						
Resource Status:						
Logistics:						
Operations:						
Staging:						
• Air Ops:						
Other:						
Further Developments:						

NOTES	
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RESOURCES SHEET

	SAR Form #4 Resources Sheet								
Resource (Police, Mutual Aid, SAR Team, Other)	Status: En route, Assigned, Available, Out Of Service	Arriving From / ETA	Available Until						
<u> </u>									

RESOURCE SHEET

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NOTES

URGENCY ANALYSIS

	SAR Fo Urgency		
Name of Incident:	Date and Time:		
Urgency Analysis Compiled			
Question	hich best represents the		
How Many? (Number in Group)	Solo Separated Split Group	Not Known Any Other	Entire Group Missing
How Old?	All or Mostly Young All or Mostly Elderly	Not Known Any Other	All Adult
Medical Condition?	Known ill or Injured Known Medical Condition, List:	Not Known Any Other	Known Fit and Well
Dressed for Weather? Equipped for Terrain?	All or Mostly ill Equipped	Not Known Any Other	All or Mostly Well Equipped
Familiar with this Area?	All or Most with None	Not Known Any Other	All or Most Familiar
Experienced In this Type of Environment and Terrain?	All or Most with None	Not Known Any Other	All or Most Familiar
Terrain?	Contains Hazards or Navigation Problems	Not Known Any Other	No Hazards or Navigation Problems
Weather?	Past and Present Bad Forecast Bad	Not Known Any Other	Past and Present Good Forecast Good
Number of Checkmarks	(one or more = Very High)		
Urgency Rating	Very High	High	Low
Suggested Response	Respond Immediately With High Priority Continue Investigation	Respond Immediately Continue Investigation	Continue Investigation Prepare to Respond

URGENCY ANALYSIS

Field Operating Guide

NOTES

SCENARIO ANALYSIS RECORD SHEET

	Sce	SAR Form #6 nario Analysis Reco	ord Sheet	
No.		Scenario Details	- Well-	Likelihood
1.				
2.	As a second			
3.				
4.				
5.		0 0000 20	10.2	
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
LEGI	:ND = Likelihood: W	rite in the abbreviation	you think best fits each	ı scenario.
VL = Very Likely	L = Likely	A = Average	U = Unlikely	VU = Very Unlike

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GOAL AND OBJECTIVES - INVESTIGATION

			DAL A	110	00.	 IVL	J - 11	400	J110	 -	 	
	al Period	Finish Time	Task Completed and Resource Debriefed				:					
	First Operational Period	ne	Resource Assigned									
Objectives		Start Time	Task Priority									
SAR Form #7 Incident Action Plan – Mission Goal and Objectives			Task									
		Mission Goal	Investigation Objective									

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GOAL AND OBJECTIVE - CONTAINMENT

	 	AND	000	 	 7	 <u> </u>	
Task Completed and Resource Debriefed							
Resource Assigned							
Task Priority							
Task							
Containment / Confinement Objective							

GOAL AND OBJECTIVE - SEARCH

Search Objective	Task	Task Priority	Resource Assigned	Task Completed and Resource Debriefed

GOAL AND OBJECTIVES

Field Operating Guide

	NOTES	PARTER	STREET, STATE OF
_500			

BRIEFING CHECKLIST

SAR Form #8 - A **Briefing Checklist** Information To Share With Search and Rescue Prior To Deployment (use SMEAC format when briefing): Incident summary, including: Subject description, and lost subject profile. Actions to date. Clues found. Evidence handling. Terrain. Weather. Private property. Safety. Traffic concerns. Animal, wildlife control. Specific hazards. Media. Family; domestic conflicts (if any). Actions to take if subject found. Rescue and medical plans. Assignment. Type of subject to base tactics on (mobile / responsive, mobile / unresponsive, immobile / responsive, immobile / unresponsive, criminal / non-criminal). Transportation to and from assignment. Needed personal equipment. Needed team equipment. Team and base radio call signs. Radio frequency(ies) and telephone numbers (landline and cell). Expected time of return. Where and to whom to report upon return, for debriefing.

	NOTES		SERVER B
			<u> </u>
2-10-5-11			
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			-

SMEAC (A briefing Tool)

SMEAC (A briefing Tool)		
S - M - E - A -	Situation. Mission or incident objectives. Execution. Administration and logistics.	
C -	Control and communications.	
Situation	 This is the background to your problem, or a description of what has happened. What were the events leading up to where you are now? Consider the 5WH of the situation. What has happened? Why is it a problem? Who else is involved? When did it happen/ sequence of events? Where did it happen? How did it happen? The point of this part of the process is to provide a snapshot or background to the following set of instructions. Often referred to as a SITREP (situation report). 	
Mission	 So now we know what has happened, the mission is what we need to do about it. The mission should be a short, clear, correct and concise statement of what you want to achieve—"Our mission is to find Sally". At this stage, there is no need to include any detail — because that's what the E, A, & C below is for. 	
Execution	Execution is the 'how' part of the plan how you are going to achieve your mission. Detail the steps required, and again 5WH applies. What are you going to do? Why? When? Where? Who is involved? How?	

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	 The execution part of the process is usually the longest and should provide sufficient information to allow you [or your SAR team] to go and do the job.
Administration	The military term is actually 'Administration and Logistics' and is about what resources you need to do the job, and how these resources are to be coordinated. Under the Incident Command System, it is broken down into Logistics, Finance, and Administration.
Command and Communications	This is the who's who of the job – who's in charge, who do you report to, and how you communicate with each other. This part details the functions established under the Incident Command System.

Medical Service	NOTES	Maria Isla	AND DES	PARTITION !
2		-		
				7000
				-
2-11-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22				

DEBRIEFING CHECKLIST

SAR Form # 8 - B Debriefing Checklist			
nformation To Obtain From Searchers Upon Their Return.			
lote: Recommended information be documented in writing, and on incident map.			
B	Searchers present at debriefing.		
0	What was the assignment.		
0	Time started.		
0	What was actually accomplished and estimated POD.		
٥	Time completed.		
٥	Evidence/clues.		
0	Location and status of any clues located.		
Q	Search difficulties or gaps in coverage.		
0	Hazards observed in the area.		
0	Communication problems.		
0	Suggestions, ideas, or recommendations for future actions.		
	Full documentation (photos, maps, sketches): Copy or original of all notes, SD Cards, MiCro Cards.		
Note: Update "Restat Function" as to searchers new status.			

DEBRIEFING CHECKLIST

Field Operating Guide

DATE OF THE PARTY	NOTES	
		 _
		_
		_
		_
		 -
	33	
		 _
		_
100		

Exhibit P-195 Page 34 RURAL/URBAN/INTERFACE INQUIRES

RURAL/URBAN/INTERFACE INQUIRES

SAR Form #9				
Rural / Urban / Inter	face Inquires			
The following form can be used to complete either door to door in rural area around a lake or in cottage country. The form can also b a Provincial, State, Federal Park or campground.				
Address:	Pl	one:		
OCCUPANTS: List all occupants whether they are regular resid	ents – include those visit	ing at tim	e of the incid	lent.
1. Name:	D.O.B.		Sex	
2. Name:	D.O.B.		Sex.	
3. Name:	D.O.B.		Sex	
4. Name:	D.O.B.		Sex	
DESCRIPTION: Height, weight, hair, eyes, moustache, glasses, n	narks / scars / tattoos, et	hnic origi	in.	
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
EMPLOYEMENT / SCHOOL:				
1.		Phone		
2.		Phone		
3		Phone		
4		Phone		
VEHICLES: Match vehicle to occupant. List vehicle descript	ion and license numbe	ľ.		
Occupant#	License #		Checked:	Yes / No
Occupant#	License #		Checked:	Yes / No
Occupant #	License #		Checked:	Yes / No
Occupant #	License #		Checked:	Yes / No
NARRATIVE: Specify which occupant supplied information. necessary use another form for continuing information.		ents, sea	rcher comme	nts etc. If
Badge # / REG # Name:				
Badge # / REG # Name:				
Team Members:				

RURAL/URBAN/INTERFACE INQUIRES

	NOTES
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9	

Exhibit P-195 **Field Operating Guide**

Page 36 **FOOTWEAR & NOTES**

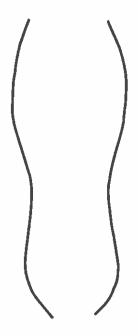
SUBJECT #1 FOOTWEAR & NOTES

Footwear type:

Manufacturer:

Size:

Describe or sketch what is known of sole pattern, length, width at widest, and width of heel:



Notes or additional information:

Field Operating Guide

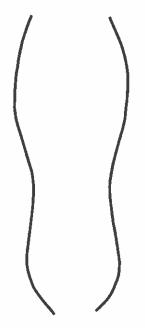
SUBJECT #2 FOOTWEAR & NOTES

Footwear type:

Manufacturer:

Size:

Describe or sketch what is known of sole pattern, length, width at widest, and width of heel:



Notes or additional information:

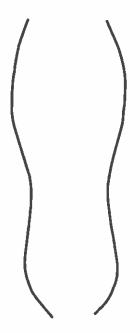
SUBJECT #3 FOOTWEAR & NOTES

Footwear type:

Manufacturer:

Size:

Describe or sketch what is known of sole pattern, length, width at widest, and width of heel:



Notes or additional information:

Field Operating Guide

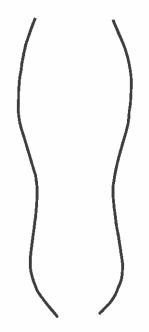
SUBJECT #4 FOOTWEAR & NOTES

Footwear type:

Manufacturer:

Size:

Describe or sketch what is known of sole pattern, length, width at widest, and width of heel:



Notes or additional information:



ASSIGNMENT LIST

SAR Form #17 1. INC ASSIGNMENT LIST (SAR VERSION)			ENT NAME		2. DATE PREPARE	D	3	TIME PRE	PARED
4.	BRANCH	5. DIVISO	ON/GROUP		6. OPERATIONAL DATE TIME	PERIOD	7.	TASK/TE/	AM NO.
A S S I G N M E N T	8. ASSIGNMENT INSTRU		RMATION (to and	d from a	ssignment]			C Timi	is iily is imary to date e frame iain icipated POD itics ather
	11. FUNCTION	12. NAME	· I	13. SP	ECIAL SKILLS	14. AT	BRIEFII	IG I	15. AGENCY
P	1. Team Leader		ì			Ð Y	es Q N	lo	
E R	2.					□ Y	es 🗆 N	ia	
5 0	3.		i			□ Y	es 🗊 N	lo	
N	4.					DY.	es 🗓 N	lo	
N E	5.					O.Y	es 🛭 N	io	
i	6.					CI Y	es 🖸 N	lo	
	7.					D.Y	es 🖰 l	io	
E Q U I P M E N T	16. PERSONAL				17	TEAM			
C 0 M	18. TASK/TEAM CALL SIGI	N & FREQUENCY	19. BASE C	ALL SIG	N & FREQUENCY	20. PE	RTINAM	IT PHONE I	NUMBERS
M S	21. SPECIAL INSTRUCTION	IS OR OTHER FREQUEN	CIES						
A T T A C H E D	22. "X" IF ATTACHED Map (Original) Assignment Sketchec Subject Information Subject Profile Incident Briefing (ICS)	,	Radio Plan Medical Pla	on Assig (ICS-20) an (ICS-2 atus Su	nment List (ICS-203) 5) 206) mmary (ICS-209)		orone lescue		

	SAR Form #17 Assignment list (Sar Version)	1. INCIDE	NT NAME		2. DATE PREPARE	D	3.	TIME PRI	EPARED
4.	BRANCH	5. DIVISOI	N/GROUP	-	6. OPERATIONAL DATE TIME	PERIOD	7.	TASK/TE	AM NO.
A S S II G N M E N T	8. ASSIGNMENT INSTRU		MATION (to and	d from a	sssignment)			□ Tim □ Ten	si uity es amary to date e frame rain icipated POD tits ather
!	11. FUNCTION	12. NAME	i	13, SP	ECIAL SKILLS	14. AT	BRIEFIN	iG	15. AGENCY
P E	1. Team Leader					ΩY	es 🖸 N	0	
R	2.					□ Yı	es 🛮 N	0	
5	3.					ΩY	es QN	lo	
N	4:					DY	es 🗆 N	lo	
N E	5.					□ Y	es 🛭 N	lo	
1	6,					□ Y	es 🖸 N	lo	
	7:					O Y	es 🖸 N	lo	·
E Q U I P M E N T	16. PERSONAL				17	TEAM			
C O M	1B. TASK/TEAM CALL SIGN		W	ALL SIG	N & FREQUENCY	20. PE	RTINAN	IT PHONE	NUMBERS
M 5	21. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS OR OTHER FREQUENCIES								
A T T A C H E D	22. °X° IF ATTACHED Map (Original) Assignment Sketched Subject Information Subject Profile Incident Briefing (NCS)		Radio Plan Medical Pl	on Assig i (ICS-20 ian (ICS- tatus Su	nment List (ICS-203) 5} 206) mmary (ICS-209)	1 -	iorone:		

	SAR Form #17 ASSIGNMENT LIST (SAR VERSION)	1. INCIDE	NT NAME	İ	2. DATE PREPA	RED		3.	TIME PRE	PARED
4.	BRANCH	5. DIVISO	n/group		6. OPERATIONAL DATE TIME	AL PERIO	D	7.	TASK/TE/	AM NO.
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SAFETY MESSAGE/PLAN

1. Incident	Name:	2. Operational Period:	Date From:	Date To:			
A. INCIDENT		er aberenaner i et ing:	Time From:	Time To:			
3 Cafain I	Aessage/Expanded Safety Message	Safety Plan Cita Cafety I					
or parety y	неззавелечћанием зацега шеззаве	, selecy mien, site salety l	ender.				
Establish a	and maintain an effective risk mana	gement program by impl	ementing the strate	gies checked (🗸) below:			
0	Calaba Officer Constinue		رادماه معافرين	instead incident Calata Alliana			
u	Safety Officer Function:		is the desi	gnated incident Safety Officer			
	A Risk Assessment identifying and evaluating hazards; determining appropriate resource training, capabilities, and equipment to mitigate these hazards; ensuring resources are advised of the hazards and appropriate risk exposure levels; establishing that the risk justifies the potential benefit, and that the identified tactic is the safest manner by which to accomplish the task will be conducted for each assignment.						
0	Standard Work/Rest Guidelines. Personnel should not exceed hour shifts. Personnel completing long shifts or physically demanding tasks will be evaluated before driving long distances.						
Q	Briefings Teams will be provided verbal briefings of assignments Teams will be provided written briefings (such as the Task Assignment form) of assignments. Searcher "right of refusal" will be affirmed in the briefings.						
0	Debriefings. Teams will be prompt risk management recommendation			luding hazards encountered and			
٥	PAR. The Operations Section Chief	will implement a "Person	nel Accountability Re	eport" process and schedule.			
0	Safety Lead on each team. Each member.	team leader is encourag	ed to assign safety	as a collateral duty to a team			
۵	LCES. Teams are encouraged to r Routes, and Safety Zone" concept.		eness using the "Lo	okouts, Communication, Escape			
٥	ORM/GAR. Command will imple partnership process with assigned exposures. OR	· ·		5.01			
٥	SAR GAR. Teams are directed to a (Supervision, Assignment, Fitness whenever significant changes occu- level of risk will consult with high- non life-threatening assignments to	s, Environment, Team, In ur during the assignment. er authority before accep	nprovisation avoidar Teams unable to mit ting assignment. Te	nce) upon task assignment, and ligate a "Red" element to a lower ams will be directed to refuse all			

SAFETY MESSAGE/PLAN

Field Operating Guide

NOTES

RISK MANAGEMENT/SAFETY OBJECTIVE Field Operating Guide

RISK MANAGEMENT/SAFETY OBJECTIVE

OBJECTIVE: Establish an effective risk management program by implementing the below selected strategies.

Sele	cted Strategies:
	Delegate Safety Officer function.
	Conduct a risk assessment for each assignment (see next
	page).
	Implement work/rest guidelines.
	Use the Briefing Checklist on page 23 to ensure appropriate risk management information is covered.
	Use the Debriefing Checklist on page 27 to ensure searcher
	knowledge and recommendations regarding hazards are communicated to incident command.
	Assign a Safety Lead for each team.
	Schedule regular PAR (see page 44).
	Encourage teams to follow LCES (see page 44).
	Implement SAR GAR (SAFETI) (see pages 45 & 46).
	•
	ure each assignment and activity meets the following criteria: The hazards associated with the assignment or activity have
Ens	ure each assignment and activity meets the following criteria: The hazards associated with the assignment or activity have been identified.
Ens	ure each assignment and activity meets the following criteria: The hazards associated with the assignment or activity have been identified. The assigned resource has the training, capabilities and
Ens	ure each assignment and activity meets the following criteria: The hazards associated with the assignment or activity have been identified.
Ens	ure each assignment and activity meets the following criteria: The hazards associated with the assignment or activity have been identified. The assigned resource has the training, capabilities and equipment to mitigate these hazards.
Ens	ure each assignment and activity meets the following criteria: The hazards associated with the assignment or activity have been identified. The assigned resource has the training, capabilities and equipment to mitigate these hazards. There is a process (such as assignment briefing) to ensure the
Ens	The hazards associated with the assignment or activity have been identified. The assigned resource has the training, capabilities and equipment to mitigate these hazards. There is a process (such as assignment briefing) to ensure the assigned resource is aware of the hazards.
Ens	The hazards associated with the assignment or activity have been identified. The assigned resource has the training, capabilities and equipment to mitigate these hazards. There is a process (such as assignment briefing) to ensure the assigned resource is aware of the hazards. The resource is aware of the risk exposure at which to cancel the assignment. The risk justifies the benefit.
Ens	ure each assignment and activity meets the following criteria: The hazards associated with the assignment or activity have been identified. The assigned resource has the training, capabilities and equipment to mitigate these hazards. There is a process (such as assignment briefing) to ensure the assigned resource is aware of the hazards. The resource is aware of the risk exposure at which to cancel the assignment.

If any of the above is not being met, redesign the assignment.

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Personnel Accountability Report (PAR)

Personnel Accountability Report (PAR) checks are regular or emergency radio or telephone transmissions by which a team confirms to incident command that all team members are accounted for and safe by simply transmitting "Team X is PAR". If instructed by incident command, additional information such as current location, percentage of assignment completed, and estimated time until assignment completion can be included with the transmission.

Lookouts, Communications, Escape Route, Safety Zone (LCES)

Team members practice LCES by:

Lookouts	Team members are encouraged to be continually alert for - and communicate - developing and potential hazards such as dead trees or overhead dead limbs, changing weather, unstable rocks or snow, rising water, dangerous insect or reptile habitats, etc. The team leader may also choose to assign the team's Safety Lead to focus on this task instead of searching
Communications	Team members are continually in communication with each other, and the team with higher authority.
Escape Route	All team members know which way to go to escape a hazard.
Safety Zone	All team members know where to go if escaping a hazard, and where to rendezvous if separated.

Use "S	AFETI" to remember the	e eleme	nts.	
Element	Explanation	Risk	c Estimat	e*
Ciement	Explanation	Green	Amber	Red
Supervision	How qualified is the supervisor? Is team supervision adequate? How about supervision provided team by higher authority? Is there communication among team members, and with higher authority?			
Assignment Complexity	Time and resources required for the assignment. The longer the exposure to hazards, the greater the risks. What is the precision level needed to successfully complete the assignment?			
Fitness of Team	Physical and mental state of team members. Fatigue. Experience.			
Environment (& Hazards)	Factors affecting personnel, team readiness, and performance. These factors may include time of day, weather, terrain, distance to hike, and hazards.			
Team	Physical and mental state of members. Team size and composition. Compatibility of members. Individual and team equipment.			
Improvisation or Planned?	How much information is available? How much time is available to plan and execute the assignment? Has the proposed action been thought through? Have alternatives been considered?			

^{*} Reflect your personal or team perception by assigning the color green (OK), amber (concern), or red (significant deficiency).

Mitigate amber and red elements. If unable to mitigate a "red" element to a lower level of risk, consult with higher authority before accepting assignment. Refuse any non-life-saving assignment having four or more "red" elements.

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Team Has Received Assignment:

- 1. Convene team and discuss each SAR GAR element.
- 2. Each team member shares his/her perspective of each element's GAR level.
- 3. A team member "red" is a team "red"; a team member "amber" is a team "amber".
- 4. Team strives to mitigate "red" and "amber" elements.
- 5. If unable to mitigate a "red" to a lower level, team leader will consult with higher authority.

Team Is Conducting Assignment:

- A team member recognizing a change in assignment parameters is empowered and expected to inform team leader.
- Team leader convenes team to conduct a SAR GAR whenever he/she, or a team member, senses a change in assignment parameters.
- 3. Follow steps 2 through 5 under "team has received assignment" above.

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Exhibit P-195 Page 52 RISK ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET

RISK ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET

SAR Form #16 RISK ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET	1. ASSIGNMENT NUMBER, ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION, OR OTHER DESIGNATOR:	2. DATE & TIME	3. PREPARED BY	
CONSIDER THE FOLL	OWING QUESTIONS FOR EACH ASSI	GNMENT AND AC	TIVITY	Ö
	ITEM		YES	NO
Have the hazards associated with	this assignment been identified?			
What are these hazards?				
Does the assigned resource have hazards?	the training, capabilities, and equipmen	t to mitigate the		
Is there a process in place to ensu hazards?	re the assigned resource will be notified	of the potential		
Will the resource be advised as to	the risk exposure at which to cancel the	e assignment?		
Does the risk justify the benefit?				
Is this the safest manner by which	n to accomplish the task?			
Other options considered:			<u> </u>	
If the answer to any of the above	questions is "no", the assignment shou	ld be redesigned		
Remember the prime directive or other concerns, including the we	fall emergency responses: "The life of tell-being of the subject".	he rescuer takes pr	ecedence o	ver all

Field Operating Guide

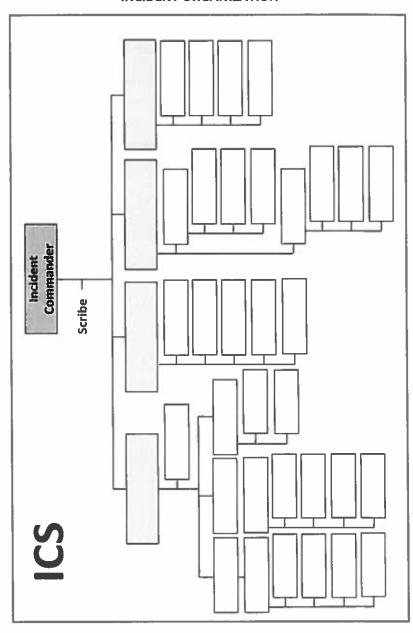
CELL PHONE OBJECTIVE

OBJ	ECTIVE: Determine if subject(s) cell phone ac provide clues.	tivity since
Selec	ted Strategies:	
0	Subject(s) cell phone number(s) and provider(s):
0	Law Enforcement determines from provide numbers of calls sent/received.	er(s) phone
0	Law Enforcement determines from provider cell phone(s) are within range, and arrange to re-check.	
0	Persons associated with phone number sent/received identified and interviewed.	s of calls
0		
0		
RES	DURCE ENROUTE	ASSIGNED

INVESTIGATION OBJECTIVE

рц	BJECTIVE: Prepare a flyer asking for blic for distribution beginning attention.		from the
Sele	cted Strategies:		
	Obtain subject photograph(s) from for Obtain DMV driver's license plenforcement.	•	
۵	Prepare flyer explaining purpose photographs, and planned itines associated vehicle if appropriate; an has information.	rary of sul	oject(s) and
	Distribute flyer at the following loca	tions:	
		W.	
		1000	
RE	SOURCE	ENROUTE	ASSIGNED
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INCIDENT ORGANIZATION



Field Operating Guide

MEDICAL PLAN

MEDIC	CAL PERSONNEL ON INC	IDENT
NAI	ME	QUALIFICATION
LOCATIO	N OF MEDICAL KITS ON	INCIDENT
		
MED	ICAL & RESCUE HELICO	PTERS
NAME	RESPONSE TIME	PHONE #
	AMBULANCE	
NAME	RESPONSE TIME	PHONE #
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Field Operating Guide

MEDICAL PLAN

MEDI	ICAL PERSONNEL ON INC	IDENT
N/A	ME	QUALIFICATION
<u>.</u>		
LOCATIO	ON OF MEDICAL KITS ON	INCIDENT
MEI	DICAL & RESCUE HELICO	PTERS
NAME	RESPONSE TIME	PHONE #
	AMBULANCE	
NAME	RESPONSE TIME	PHONE #
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FOUND SUBJECT(S) INTERVIEW

Name(s) of subject(s):
Interviewer:
Date & time of interview:
How subject(s) became "missing":
Subject(s) behavior and actions while "lost":
Search efforts which subject(s) were aware of while "lost", but which did not discover subject:
Subject(s) suggestions for increasing future search effectiveness:
Tactic or resource which found subject(s):
Subject(s) found 'crow flight distance' (km/mi) from IPP.
Subject(s) found (lower, same, higher) elevation than IPP.
When found, subject(s) were: mobile non-responsive

FOUND SUBJECT(S) INTERVIEW

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AFTER ACTION "HOT WASH" Exhibit P-195 **Field Operating Guide**

AFTER ACTION "HOT WASH"

Consider	doing	an	informal	after	action	review	involving	all
available	personi	nel,	promptly	upon i	ncident	resolutio	on (such as	on
the hood	of a veh	icle). Ensure s	killed	facilitati	on that f	ocuses on t	the
what, not	the wh	ıo.						

What went well:

What can be improved:

What can be done to sustain strengths and address improvements:

ACTION ITEM	ASSIGNED TO:	DUE DATE
		<u> </u>

Exhibit P-195

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AFTER ACTION "HOT WASH"

Field Operating Guide

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Field Operating Guide

EVALUATING THE "HEALTH OF A SEARCH RESPONSE" CHECKLIST

SAR Form #11 **Evaluating The "Health of a Search Response" Checklist**

This checklist is useful for evaluating the "health" of a search and rescue response. If any of the following can't

thecked, they may be warning signals that incident management staffing is not "in synch" with the search rescue effort. This could also be an indication that the Incident Commander may have lost situational preness. Consider increasing or rotating personnel, or downsizing operations.
I have time to review this list.
An atmosphere of positive urgency is being maintained.
Leads are being aggressively pursued through investigation. Friends, family and possible witnesses have been (or will shortly be) contacted.
Clues are being tracked, and resolved promptly.
Staff has time for breaks and meals. There isn't a major backlog of tasks. Individuals are not working beyond scheduled shifts.
Scenarios as to cause of incident have been discussed and evaluated, and reflect current knowledge.
Search efforts are focused to eliminate scenarios in established priority order.
Current and ordered resources do complement identified needs.
Safety, investigation, containment, and search objectives have been identified, and have been reviewed in the past 24 hours.
The number, location and status of all incident personnel is known.
Logistical needs (transport, food, shelter) are met for the next 12 hours.
Unassigned personnel aren't wandering about the command post area.
Assignments (oral or written) are ready prior to resource arrival.
Teams returning from assignments are being debriefed promptly. Debriefing information is being recorded, and is being considered in developing future objectives.
The family supports the search effort.
A PIO has been identified, or the press has been notified.
A rescue/medical plan has been identified, and is ready for immediate implementation.
An air operations function has been activated to support any helicopter activities.

SEARCH TEAM LEADER

Field Operating Guide

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EVACUATION (OF THE MISSING, INJURED PERSON)

The technical details of how to treat and evacuate the missing, injured person once you have located him/her are outside the scope of this handbook. But, REMEMBER, the management of the treating and evacuating of the missing person is, like all other aspects of the incident, ultimately the responsibility of the Incident Commander. This is done by applying the Six Step Process. NOTE: the IC obtains their situational awareness from proper reporting from the responders in the field.

Step 1 – Size up the Situation	 What are the facts relating to the person's condition? Are they alive? Are they injured? If so, what are their injuries? Will they be able to walk out? Are any specialist personnel or equipment required? If they are not alive, then what is the legal situation? What procedures need to be followed? What are the facts relating to the find-site? What is the terrain? Exactly where is it? Are any specialist personnel or equipment required? How easy is the access for people and vehicles? What are the possible exit routes for evacuating the missing person? Who is on-scene? What are their capabilities? What equipment do they have with them? How good are communications with the find-site?
Step 2 – Identify Contingencies	 Could conditions (daylight or weather) deteriorate, and what difference would it make? How stable is the person's condition? What are the risks related to each contingency?

Step 3 –
Determine
Objectives

- The Objectives might be to:
 - a. Stabilize any medical problems the missing person may have.
 - Prevent deterioration of the subject's condition.
 - Evacuate the subject(s) in a safe manner.
 - d. Maintain due regard to the safety of the personnel involved.
- Each of these Objectives will have its own set of Tasks depending on the circumstances of the incident. The Tasks for Objectives (a),
 (b) and (c) will involve the provision of personnel and equipment as required to the find-site.
- The Tasks for Objective (d) will involve such things as 'waymarking' safe routes, possibly taping off any hazardous areas, the provision of safety personnel at appropriate points and making everyone involved aware of potential problems through their briefing. Consider the risks related to each Objective, and take appropriate actions to minimize these risks.

Step 4 – Identify Resources Needed

- The Objectives and Tasks you have set will indicate what your requirements are for equipment and personnel.
- Do you have the resources? Do they need to be ordered? Where will they be obtained if not available on site?

Step 5 – Build a Plan and a Structure	 Ensure that there are appropriately qualified persons in charge of each of the aspects of your plan, for example Logistics, Communications, technical rescue and recovery, and the provision of medical support. Keep track of all resources so that they can all be accounted for at the end of the day (Resource Status). Do not lose sight of the fact that you may have search and confinement resources still
Step 6 – Take	in the field away from the find-site. • Implement, manage, and support.
Action	- implement, manage, and support.

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TRANSFER OF COMMAND

TRANSFER OF COMMAND STEPS

- The outgoing IC should brief the incoming IC in person. This should take place at least one hour to 30 minutes before the new IC takes command.
- 2. The briefing should cover:
 - Incident history (what has happened).
 - Priorities and objectives.
 - Current plan.
 - Resource assignments.
 - Incident organization.
 - Resources ordered/needed.
 - Facilities established.
 - Status of communications.
 - Any constraints or limitations.
 - Incident potential.
 - Delegation of Authority.

The ICS Form 201 can be a useful tool to facilitate transfer of command briefings, especially during the early stages of an incident prior to development of a formal IAP.

- 3. Time of transfer of command determined.
- 4. Notice of transfer of command made to:
 - Agency headquarters.
 - All incident personnel.
 - Other involved agencies.
- 5. The future role of the outgoing IC determined:
 - Released,
 - Reassigned to a different function, or
 - Returning as IC next Operational Period.

DEMOBILIZATION

Demobilization is not a mirror image of mobilization. When mobilizing for a search, a number of individuals in widely separated places direct, coordinate, and provide transportation to get search and rescue resources to a single point.

Demobilization is the responsibility of a few people to get these same resources back to the same widely separated places they came from. While command and communication channels remain the same as with mobilization, the procedures may be different.

Formal demobilization planning should begin well within the first-half of the expected duration of the mission.

	Demobilization Plan Content				
1.	General Information.	Includes orientation information and general discussion of the demobilization procedure to be followed. May include overall situation information or specific instructions.			
2.	Responsibilities.	Spells out the responsibility for the plan initiation and specific responsibilities by name for various implementation activities. Establishes a chain of command and outlines the activities at each location or processing point. Determines who is in charge at each location or processing point.			

3.	Release Priorities.	Release priorities will be determined by the SAR Manager depending on the situation and by the logistics function depending on transportation availability. Late night releases or travel should be avoided. Always try to release resources in 'good condition' - rested, showered, fed, etc. Example Release Priorities: Aircraft first, then volunteers versus paid, overhead team leaves last.
4.	Release Procedures.	This section spells out the various steps in the release procedures (e.g., Plans: to support services, to bus loading area, to showers, to home, etc.) Be specific!
5.	Organization and Flow Charts.	Include: forms to be used, anticipated travel or standby times, routes and methods of travel, procedures to take place at each stop, and any other instructions that may prove useful in preventing confusion.
6.	Directory.	Communications and mobile phone directory, maps, routes of travel, etc.

PHONE NUMBERS

PHONE/RADIO FREQ.							
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Field Operating Guide

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ACTIVITY (UNIT) LOG

TIME	EVENT/ACTION
	1 st indication of person missing.
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Field Operating Guide

TIME	EVENT/ACTION
	1 st indication of person missing.

CLUE LOG

CLUE	RESOLVED
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Field Operating Guide

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SEARCH AND RESCUE MISSION DATA SHEET

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SAR Form #12													
	Search and Rescue Mission Data Sheet												
RE:	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: INCIDENT COMMANDER: PHONE:												
MI	SSION DATE:	۲r	/ / Mo Day	TIME:	4 hour cla	ck		INCIDE	NT#	Local Star	e	AFREC	Other:
SLI	SUBJECT INFORMATION Lat N Long W												
	lace Injured or Last Known Position: MGRS - Grid:												
	Degrees/Minutes/Seconds Degrees/Minutes/Seconds												
US	NG - UTM:				ι	ocation	Con	nmon N	ame:				
						Catego	ory:						
	Aircraft		Deceased	0	Horseba	ck	0	Motorcy	cle	☐ Rafter		☐ Veh	iicle
	Alzheimer	Ö	Despondent		Hunter		_	Mountai		☐ Retarded		■ Wa	
_	Boater		Elderly		Injured		_	Overdue		Downhill Sl		□ xc:	
	Camper		Fisherman		Intentio	nal		Photogra	apher	☐ Snowmobil	е	Oth	ier
	Child	0	Handicapped		Lost			Picker		Swimmer			
ㅁ	Climber		Hiker										
						Caus	e:						
0	Atcohol		☐ Drugs		Q 0	iot Lost			☐ Po	oor Equipment	0 (Jnknown.	
0	Change/ Weather		■ Equipment	Failed	Q (nexperien	ce		☐ Po	oor Fitness	□ 1	Neather	
	Darkness		☐ Fall		□ t	njury			C Po	oor Supervision		Other	
12	Despondent		☐ Falling Obje	ect		/lental			☐ 5e	paration			
Г						Behav	rior:						
Ы	Built Fire	-	☐ Followed Ter	rain		Moved D	urii	ne		Staved Put		Unknow	n
Ιā	Constructed		Headed to Ci			Night				Stayed on Road		Wandere	ed .
Γ	Shelter		■ Moved Durin			Moved L	Jphi	1 1		Stayed on Trail		X-Counts	
0	Did Nothing	- 1	☐ Moved Down	nhill		Panicked				Used Travel Aids			•
0	Discarded Gear				Q	Signaled	for	Help					
Г						Subje	cts:						
lı.	Name:			Addr	PKE,					Phone #:		Sex:	Age:
	Name:				Address:				Phone #:		Sex:	Age	
3.	Name:			Addr	255;					Phone #:		Sext	Age
اردا	bject Realized Lost		Date:	Tin	ne (24-hr	j.		Time Su	hiert Fe	ound Date		Time (2	_
Subject Reported Missing Date:				Time (24-hr):			,			Days: Hours:			
	II-Out Initialed	.0	Date:		Time (24-hr):			Total Tir		Days: Hours:			
Re	sources Arrival at IPI	P	Date:	Tis	ne (24-hr):				·			
SE	ARCH AREA INFORM	IAT	ION			W	eat	her:				•	
6	Clear		Temperature		Wine	J/Km/mpl	h		Rain		Snor	M	
	Fog		High		High		-		0				
	Overcast		Low		Low				0 0	ccasional	0	Occasional	
	Partly Cloudy								Q D			Light	
0	Stormy		Visibility: Dista	ince					• н	eavy		Heavy Depth	
						Tarent					_	wehm!	
	Terraln:												
	pography		untain		nd Cover		Wal			<u>Timber</u>		Elevation:	1.15
_	Urban	Pra		00			_	Canal Lake		☐ Dense			ft.
_	Suburban Rural	Flai	t ling		ight Vloderate			Lake River		☐ Moderate ☐ None			
1-	Wilderness		ung ged		vioderate Dense		_	Sound		□ None			
٦	141-06111633	uni	202-4		leight		_	Ocean		a some			
_							_				_		

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SEARCH AND RESCUE MISSION DATA SHEET (Continued) (Incident #)									
RESPONSE			☐ Rescue			☐ Recovery			
					Tactics:				
□ Air □ Atti	Scent Dog raction	000	ATV Boat Closed Grid –30 Confinement Diver	0 00	Fixed Wing Ground Scent Dog Hasty Team Helicopter Horseback	0	Motorcycle Mountain Bike Open Grid +30 Raft Road Search	000	Snowmobile Sweep Tracking Vehicle Other
					Clues Found By:				
Att	/ navioral Data		Closed Grid -30 Confinement Diver Fixed Wing Ground Scent Dog	000	Hasty Team Helicopter Horseback Interview Motorcycle	000	Mountain Bike Open Grid +30 Raft Repeat Search Snowmobile	0	Sweep Statistical Data Trackers Vehicle Other
				5	ublect Found By:				
Att ATT	-		Confinement Diver Fixed Wing Friends Ground Scent Dog	000	Hasty Search Helicopter Horseback Motorcycle Mountain Bike	0	Non SAR Personnel Open Grid +30 Raft Relatives Snowmobile	0	Sweep Tracking Vehicle Other
MISSIC	ON SUSPENSION/TER	MIN	ATION		Reason:				
	thority Decision se Report	_	Family Hazards to Searchers	_	Lack of Clues/Evidence Subject Found		Subj. not in Search Area Survivability	_	Weather Other
					Subject Found:				
	ceased		Hypothermia	Q	Major Injuries		Minor Injuries		Well
	istance from Last Kni						; Tenths		
E	levation difference fr	om	Last Known Position	_			; to		ft.
REMA	REMARKS Resources Used:								
1		U	nit		Personnel		Hours		Miles
2									
3								_	
4									
5	_	_						_	
6									
_	Comments, Observations, Problems:								
-									
Repor	t Prepared By:	_					Title:		
H	t Signed By: (Print)				Agency:		Title;		
						_		_	

FOUR METHODS OF ESTABLISHING THE SEARCH AREA 78

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THERE ARE FOUR METHODS OF ESTABLISHING THE SEARCH AREA

- i. Theoretical. Distance that the subject could have traveled in the time elapsed.
- Statistical. Information which reflects the distances other subjects have traveled given similar conditions.
- 3. Subjective. Evaluation by the SAR Manager of the limiting factors that exist for the specific incident and geographic location.
- Deductive Reasoning. Methodical step by step analysis of circumstances surrounding the loss of the subject. Going from the general to the specific.

		NOTES		
		2)	 1 1	
- 5-	 		 	

	SCORPA: SIX S	STEP DECISION MAKING PROCESS
1.	Size—up the Situation	 What is the nature of the incident? What hazards are present? What hazards exist for response personnel and the public? Do warnings need to be issued? Are there injured people who need to be treated or assisted? Is evacuation required? How large an area is involved? Can the area be isolated? What location would make a good staging area? What entrance and exit routes would be good for the flow of response personnel and equipment?
2.	Identify Contingencies	 What could have happened to cause this situation? What could happen to make the situation worse?
3.	Determine Objectives (and Goals)	SMART Objectives developed through, Investigation Objectives, Containment Objectives, and Search Objectives.
4.	Identify Needed Resources	 What resources are needed? Where will we get them? How long will it take them to get here? Are there any special resource requirements?
5.	Build a Plan and Structure	Responsibilities and tasks.Chain of command.Coordination.
6.	Take Action	 Implement your action plan. Supervise/coordinate. Continue collecting and analyzing additional information (Step 1 (Size Up) of the next cycle).